

For customers, default Nominal Codes (N/C) start at 4000.



A customer can be a member of a price list. However, as a customer can only belong to one price list, if you want to change the list that the selected customer belongs to, simply choose a different price list from the drop-down list. Note that on each price list, additional discounts can still be applied as desired.



Default Nominal Codes for suppliers start at 5000.

Customer & Supplier Defaults

When creating a new customer or supplier, default details about credit limit, terms, discount, etc. are needed. 11 Select Customer Defaults from the Settings options

- 2 Enter defaults for your customer records on the first tab
- Click on the relevant tabs to enter Statements,
 Ageing Balance and appropriate
 Discount defaults
- 4 Click OK to save the Customer Defaults entered
- 5 Now, select
 Supplier Defaults
 from the
 Settings options
- 6 Enter relevant
 Supplier Defaults
- 7 Use the Ageing tab to enter Aged Balances Period, specifying calendar months or days



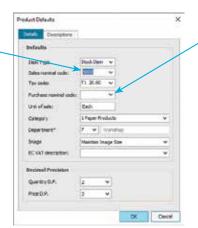


8 Click OK to save Supplier Defaults

Product Defaults

Defaults also need to be set up for your products:

- 1 Select Product Defaults from the Settings options
- Enter the Nominal
 Account Code here
- 3 Allocate the correct Tax Code for the product
- Complete the rest of the defaults as necessary





Use the Finder button on the right of the Purchase nominal code box to speed up code entry.

- 5 Enter the Decimal Point placing for the product
- 6 Click OK to save this information

Control Accounts

Sage 50 uses Control Accounts to make automatic double-entry postings to the Ledger.

- 1 To view or edit these Nominal Codes, select Control Accounts from the Settings options
- 2 To change a Control
 Account, click on the
 Nominal Code and type
 the new code or use
 the Finder button





Unless you have created your own Chart of Accounts, the Control Accounts should never need changing.

Click OK to save and close or Cancel to abandon changes